# **APPLICATION NOTE 144**

# DATA FAX COMMANDS CLASS 1

**FOR** 

**CH179X COMPONENTS** 

# 5. FAX CLASS 1 COMMANDS

#### 5.1. **FAX I/O PROCESSING**

The fax I/O interface supports asynchronous serial and parallel interfaces. The interface rate is 19200 bps. The character format is 8 bits data, no parity, and 1 stop bit. Start and stop elements are removed from the transmit data and added to the receive data. Both transmit and receive data are buffered. Flow control using XOIN/XOFF (DC1/DC3) or RTS/CTS is provided.

Unique control character strings are identified, filtered, or reinserted into the I/O data stream. These control characters and their resultant action are described below.

#### 5.1.1. DTE-to-Modem Transmit Data Stream

Characters Detected	Action Taken	
<dle><data></data></dle>	Delete <dle><data>characters.</data></dle>	
<dle><etx></etx></dle>	Recognize as a string terminator and take apprpriate action.	
<dle><dle></dle></dle>	Replace with single <dle> character.</dle>	

#### 5.1.2. Modem-to-DTE Receive Data Stream

Observations Datasets

Characters Detected	Action Taken
<dle></dle>	Insert extra <dle> ahead of <dle>.</dle></dle>

The modem also identifies the end of a frame by inserting <DLE><ETX> into the data stream after the FCS bytes.

#### 5.1.3. Fax Mode Selection

Fax class 1 commands are identified in Table 5-1. Fax modes and rates are determined by the AT+F: commands as described in Section 5.2.

Table 5-1. Fax Class 1 Commands

Command	Function	
	Service Class ID	
+FCLASS=	Service Class	
	Fax Class 1 Commands	
+FAE=n	Data/Fax Auto Answer	
+FTS=n	Stop Transmission and Wait	
+FRS=n	Receive Silence	
+FTM=n	Transmit Data	
+FRM=n	Receive Data	
+FTH=n	Transmit Data with HDLC Framing	
+FRH=n	Receive Data with HDLC Framing	

#### 5.1.4. Fax Origination

Origination of fax calls is made using the ATD command. Upon completion of the dial function, a calling tone at 1100 Hz is transmitted, with a cadence of 0.5 seconds on and 3 seconds off. The modem automatically enters mode +FRH=3 and sends the CONNECT message to the DTE when FSK flags are detected from the remote.

#### 5.1.5. Fax Answering

Answering of fax calls is identical to answering of data calls with the exception that the modem enters the fax handshaking mode instead of the data handshaking mode after going off-hook. If +FAE=0, the modem, after sending answer tone, automatically enters fax mode (+FTH=3), sends the CONNECT message to the DTE, and starts sending FSK flags. If +FAE=1, the modem determines whether the caller is a data modem or a fax modem and sends the DATA or FAX result code, respectively, to the DTE.

#### 5.1.6. Fax Control Transmission

Fax control transmission is initiated by the +FTH=n command. After this command is issued, the modem generates the CONNECT message and transmits carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. The modem then transmits HDLC flags for a minimum of 1 second. The modem continues to transmit the HDLC flags until it receives a character from the DTE.

When characters are received from the DTE, the modem adds start and end flags, performs zero-bit insertion, generates FCS, and deletes <DLE><chr> character pairs before transmitting the characters to the remote fax machine. Each <DLE><DLE> sequence is transmitted as a single <DLE>. <DLE><EXT> is considered as the end of frame marker and is not transmitted. All data received from the DTE after <DLE><ETX> is ignored by the modem until the modem generates either the CONNECT, OK or ERROR result code.

If no more data is in the transmit buffer and the final bit was a 1 (bit 4 of the second byte received from the DTE), the modem generates the OK result code and returns to the command mode. If the final bit was a 0, the modem generates the CONNECT message and waits for further data from the DTE while transmitting HDLC flags. If no more data is received before 5 seconds elapse, the modem drops carrier, goes on-hook, and gernerates the ERROR result code.

#### 5.1.7. Fax Control Reception

Fax control reception is initiated using the AT+FRH=n command. After this command is issued, the modem looks for carrier in the modulation scheme specified bh the parameter n. If no carrier is detected before the period of time specified by register S7 expires, the modem generates the NO CARRIER message and returns to command mode. If a carrier is detected that is not the one specified by the parameter n, the modem generates the +FCERROR message and returns to the command mode. If the specified carrier is detected, the modem generates the CONNECT message and enters the HDLC receive mode.

In HDLC receive mode, the modem receives HDLC frames from the remote fax machine, strips the flags, performs zero-bit deleteion, performs error checking, and handles <DLE><chr>>character pairs before passing the data to the DTE. The modem prefixes each <DLE> character with another <DLE> character before sending it to the DTE. After the last byte in the frame, the modem sends <DLE><ETX> to the DTE marking the end of the frame. The modem then generates either the OK message if no errors were detected or the ERROR message iff errors were detected (FCS is incorrect), and returns to command mode.

While in command mode, the modem continues to receive data in the selected modulation scheme, and sends the data after sending CONNECT message to the DTE when the DTE reissues the +FRH command with the same parameter. If the DTE issues the +FRH command with a different parameter, the modem clears all buffers and proceeds as described previously.

If carrier is lost while in command mode and the DTE reissues the +FRH command with the same parameter, and there is no data in the buffer, the modem sends the ERROR result code to the DTE and returns to the command mode. If there is data in the buffer, the modem sends teh next frame of buffered data to the DTE, follow₃d by <DLE><ETX>, and either the ERROR result code if errors were detected or the OK result code if no errors were detected. The modem then returns to command mode. All subsequent data received from the reote is discarded.

If the modem detects a frame abort sequence (seven consecutive ones with no zero insertion) while it is waiting for a frame beginning flag (it was receiveng HDLC flags), it will wait for the HDLC fags again until either carrier is lost, or the DTE aborts the process by sending an abort character or by dropping DTR with &D2 in effect. If the frame abort sequence is detected while the modem is reciving a frame it finishes delivering the data in the receive buffer (if any) to the DTE, sends <DLE><ETX>, generates the ERROR message, and returns to command mode. The modem keeps looking for HDLC flags followed by more data from the remote, with the selected modulation scheme.

If the modem detects a recieve buffer overflow condition, it concludes that there was an FCS error in that frame. The modem will receive more frames only if a starting flag is detected and there is room in the receiver buffer. If a starting flag is detected and there is no room in the buffer, the modem discards all data in that frame.

If the modem receives any character from the DTE after the +FRH command (except flow control characters if software flow control is in effect), or if the modem detects a high-to-low transition of the DTR signal while &D1 is in effect, it sends <DLE><EXT> to the DTE, generates OK result code, and returns to command mode. The receive buffer is cleared and all data received from the remote is discarded. If the modem detects a DTR drop while &D2 is in effect, it goes on-hook, sends <DLE><EXT> to the DTE, generates OK result code, and returns to command mode. If the modem detects a DTR drop while &D3 is in effect, the modem performs a warm reset.

#### 5.1.8. Fax Data Transmission

Fax data transmission is initiated by the AT+FTM=n command. After this command is issued, the modem generates the CONNECT message and transmits carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. 'The modem then transmits constant 1 bits for a minimum of one second and continues to transmit constant 1 bits until it receives a character from the DTE.

When data is received from the DTE, the modern deletes start and stop bits and deletes all <DLE><chr> character pairs before transmitting the data to the remote. Each <DLE><DLE> sequence is transmitted as a single <DLE>. <DLE><ETX> is considered as the end of a stream marker, and is not transmitted. All data received from the DTE after the <DLE><EXT> is ignored by the modern until the modern generates either the CONNECT, OK or ERROR result code.

If no more data is in the transmit buffer, and the last transmitted character was not an ASCII NULL, th emodem generates the connect message to the DTE and waits for further data from the DTE while transmitting NULLs to the remote. If more data is received before five seconds elapse, the modem continues to transimit the data as described in the previous paragraph. If five seconds elapse and no data is received from the DTE, the modem drips carrier, goes onhook, and generates the ERROR result code.

# 5.1.9. Fax Data Reception

Fax data reception is initated using the AT+FRM=n command. After this command is issued, the mcdem looks for carrier in the modulation scheme specified by the parameter n. If no carrier is detected before the period of time specified by register S7 expires, the modem generates the NO CARRIER message and returns to command mode. if a V.21 carrier is detected when a high speed carrier is expected, the modem generates the +FCERROFI message and returns to the command mode. If the specified carrier is detected, the modem generates the CONNECT message and enters the data receive mode.

While in data receive mode, th4e modern receives data from the remote, adds start and stop bits, and handles <DLE><chr> character pairs before passing the data to the DTE. The modern prefixes each <DLE> character with another <DLE> character before sending it to the DTE.

If carrier is lost for a time period longer than the time specified by the register S10, the modern finishes delivering the data in the receive buffer (if any) to the DTE, sends <DLE><ETX>, generates the NO CARRIER result code, and returns to the command mode. All subsequent data received from the remote is discarded.

If the modem detects a receive buffer overflow condition, it stops receiving from the remote until there is room in the receive buffer. the modem informs the DTE of the buffer overflow after it sends to the DTE the last character that was stored in the buffer before the overflow occurred.

If the modem receives any character from the DTE after the +FRM command (except flow control characters if software flow control is in effect), or if the modem detects a high-to-low transition of the DTR signal while &D1 is in effect, it sends <DLE><ETX> to the DTE, generates the OK result code, and returns to command mode. The receive buffer is cleared and all data received fromt he remote is discarded. If loss of DTR is detected while &D2 is in effect, the modem goes on-hook, sends <DLE><ETX> followed by OK result code to the DTE, and returns to command mode. If the modem detects a DTR drop while &D3 is in effect, th emodem performs a warm reset.

# 5.2 COMMANDS

#### +FCLASS=n - Select Service Class

+FCLASS=n command sets the active service class.

Parameters: 0-2

#### Command options:

+FCLASS=0 Select Data Mode (Default.) +FCLASS=1 Select Facsimile Class 1 +FCLASS=2 Select Facsimile Class 2

# +F<command>=? - Report Active Configuration

+F<command>=? interrogates the modem to determine the active configuration.

Typical responses are:

+FAE=? 0 if auto answer is disabled; 1 if auto answer is enabled +FCLASS? 0 if in data mode; 1 if in fax class 1; 2 if in fax class 2

#### +F<command>? - Report Operation Capabilities

+F<command>=? can be used to determine the operating capabilities of the modem.

Typical responses are:

+FAE=? 0 or 1 +FCLASS=? 0, 1, or 2

+FTM=? 24, 48, 72, 73, 74, 96, 97, 98, 121, 122, 145, 146 +FRM=? 24, 48, 72, 73, 74, 96, 97, 98, 121, 122, 145, 146

#### +FAE=n - Data/Fax Auto Answer

+FAE=n allows the DTE to eigher restrict answering to class 1, or to automatically detect whether the calling station is a fax class 1 modem or data modem, and answer accordingly.

Parameters: n = 0 or 1

Command Options:

n=0 Disable data/fax auto answer mode. The modem answers a 3 a fax modem only.

(Default.)

n=1 Enable data/fax auto answer mode. The modem answers as a fax or data modem.

After a data (not fax) connection is achieved (indicated by the DATA result code), the DTE must ssue an ATO command to cause the modem to go on-line.

# +FTS=n - Stop Transmission and Wait

+FTS=n causes the modem to terminat a transmission and wait for n 10-ms intervals before responding with the OK result code. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued whild the modem is on-hook.

# +FRS=n - Receive Silence

+FRS=n causes the modem to report back to the DTE with an OK result code after n 10 ms-intervals of silence have been detected on the line. This command is aborted if any character is received from the DTE. The modem discards the aborting character and issues an OK result code. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.

#### +FTM=n - Transmit Data

+FTM=n causes the modem to transmit data using the modulation defined below. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.

Parameters: See Command options Command options:

+FTM=24	V.27 ter 2400 bps
+FΓM=48	V.27 ter 4800 bps
+FTM=72	V.29 7200 bps
+FTM=73	V.17 7200 bps long
+FTM=74	V.17 7200 bps short
+FTM=96	V.29 9600 bps
+FTM=97	V.17 9600 bps long
+FTM=98	V.17 9600 bps short
+FTM=121	V.17 12000 bps long
+FTM=122	V.17 12100 bps short
+FTM=145	V.17 14400 bps long
+FTM=146	V.17 14400 bps short

#### +FRM=n - Receive data

+FRM=n causes the modem to enter the receiver mode using the modulation defined below. An ERFOR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.

Parameters: See command Options Command Options:

+FRM=24	V.27 ter 2400 bps
+FRM=48	V.27 ter 4800 bps
+ <b>FRM</b> =72	V.29 7200 bps
+FRM=73	V.17 7200 bps long
+FRM=74	V.17 7200 bps short
+FRM=96	V.29 9600 bps
+FRM≔97	V.17 9600 bps long
+FRM=98	V.17 9600 bps short
+FRM=121	V.17 12000 bps long
+FRM=122	V.17 12000 bps short
+FRM=145	V.17 14400 bps long
+FRM=146	V.17 14400 bps short

#### +FTH=n - Transmit Data with HDLC Framing

+FTH=n causes the modem to transmit data using HDLC protocol and the modulation defined below. An Error response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.

Parameters: See Command Options: Command Options:

+FTH=3	V.21 channel 2 300 bps
+FTH=24	V.27 ter 2400 bps
+FTH=48	V.27 ter 4800 bps
+FTH=72	V.29 7200 bps
+FTH=73	V.17 7200 bps long
+FTH=74	V.17 7200 bps short
+FTH=96	V.29 9600 bps
+FTH=97	V.17 9600 bps long
+FTH=98	V.17 9600 bps short
+FTH=121	V.17 12000 bps long
+FTH=122	V.17 12000 bps short
+FTH=145	V.17 14400 bps long
+FTH=146	V.17 14000 bps short

#### +FRH=n - Receive Data with HDLC Framing

+FRH=n causes the modem to receive frames using HDLC protocol and the modulation defined below. An ERROR response code results if this command is issued while the modem is on-hook.

Parameters: See Command Options. Command Options:

+FRH=3	V.21 channel 2 300 bp
+FRH=24	V.27 ter 2400 bps
+FRH=48	V.27 ter 4800 bps
+FRH=72	V.29 7200 bps
+FRH=73	V.17 7200 bps long
+FRH=74	V.17 7200 bps short
+FRH=96	V.29 9600 bps
+FRH=97	V.17 9600 bps long
+FRH=98	V.17 9600 bps short
+FRH=121	V.17 12000 bps long
+FRH=122	V.17 12000 bps short
+FRH=145	V.17 14400 bps long
+FRH=146	V.17 14400 bps short

# **5.3 EXAMPLES**

Examples of calling (transmitting) and answering (receiving) one page using fax class 1 commands are shown in Tables 5-2 and 5-3, respectively.

Table 5-2. Fax Class 1 Calling Sequence (One page)

		Table 5-2. Fax Class 1 Calling		
	DTE Commands (Host)	DCE Responses (Modem)	Remote Fax	Notes
	(1) AT+FCLASS=1	(2) OK		Set to Class 1
PHASE	A			
	(3) ATDT6163	(4) Dials (6) CONNECT	(5) Answers (7) Send HDLC flags	+FRH=3 implied by dialing
PHASE	В		(0)	Canda NOF frame
			(8)	S∈nds NSF frame
	(10) AT+FRH=3	(9) <nsf>, OK (11) CONNECT</nsf>	(12) Sends CSI frame	
		(13) <csi>, OK</csi>	(12) 301143 331 14113	
	(14) AT+FRH=3	(15) CONNECT (17) <dis>, OK</dis>	(16) Send DIS frame (18) Drop carrier	Last frame bit = 1
	(19) AT+FTH=3	(20) Send HDLC flags (21) CONNECT	(21) Receive flags	
1	(22) <tsi></tsi>	(23) Send TSI frame	(24) Receive TSI	Last frame bit = 0
	(26) <dcs></dcs>	(25) CONNECT (27) Send DCS frame (29) Detect last frame bit	(28) Receive DCS	Last frame bit = 1
	(31) AT+FTS=8 (33) AT+FTM=96	(39) OK, drop carrier (32) OK, wait 80 ms (34) Send V.29 (35) CONNECT		
l	(36) <tcf></tcf>	(37) Send TCF data	(38) Receive & check	
	(40) AT+FRH=3	(39) OK (41) CONNECT (42) Send CFR frame		
	(43) <cfr>, OK</cfr>	(44) Drop carrier (45) OK		
PHASE	C			
;	(46) AT+FTM=96	(47) Send V.29 (48) CONNECT		
	(49) age data	(50) Send page data (52) OK	(51) Receive data	
	(53) AT+FTH=3	(54) Send HDLC flags (56) CONNECT	(55) Receive flags	
PHASE	D			
	(57) <eop></eop>	(58) Send EOP frame (60) OK, drop carrier	(59) Receive EOP	Last frame bit = 1
	(61) AT+FRH=3	(62) CONNECT	(63) Send MCF frame	Last frame bit = 1
	(65) AT+FTH=3	(64) <mcf>, OK (66) Send HDLC flags</mcf>	(67) Receive flags	Lastrianie bit = 1
	(69) <dcn></dcn>	(68) CONNECT (70) Send DCN frame (72) OK, drop carrier	(71) Receive DCN	Las: frame bit = 1
PHASE	E			
	(73) ATH0	(74) OK, hang-up	(75) Hang up	

Table 5-3. Fax Class 1 Answering Sequence (One Page)

DTE Commands (Host0	DCE Responses (Modem)	Remote Fax	Notes
(1) AT+FCLASS=1	(2) OK		Set to Class 1
PHASE A			
		(3) FAX machine, dials	
	(4) RING		
(5) ATA	(6) Modem answers		
	(7) Send HDLC flags	(8) Receive flags	+FTH=3 implied by answering
	(9) CONNECT		answering
PHASE B			
(10) <nsf></nsf>	(11) Send NSF frame	(12) Receive NSF	Last frame bit = 0
	(13) CONNECT	(10) 5 1 001	
(14) <csi></csi>	(15) Send CSI frame (17) CONNECT	(16) Receive CSI	Last frame bit = 0
(18) <dis></dis>	(19) Send DIS frame	(20) Receive DIS	Last frame bit = 1
(10) 12.01	(21) OK, drop carrier	(20) 11000110 210	
(22) AT+FRH=3	(23) CONNECT		
		(24) Send TSI frame	Last frame bit $= 0$
(00) 47 5011.0	(25) <tsi>, OK</tsi>		
(26) AT+FRH=3	(27) CONNECT	(28) Send DCS frame	Last frame bit = 1
	(29) <dcs>, OK</dcs>	(30) Drop Carrier	Last frame bit = 1
(31) AT+FRH=3	(20) (2005, 01)	(ec) Diep came.	
,		(32) Send V.29	
	(33) CONNECT	(34) Send TCF Frame	
	(35) <tcf></tcf>	(36) Drop carrier	
(00) AT . ET LL 0	(37) NO CARRIER		
(38) AT+FTH=3 (40) <cfr></cfr>	(39) CONNECT (41) Send CFR frame	(42) Receive CFR	Last frame bit = 1
(40) COPH2	(43) NO CARRIER	(42) Neceive CFN	Last frame bit = 1
PHASE C			
(44) AT+FRM=96			
(44) AT +FAIW=90		(45) Send page data	
	(46) <page data=""></page>	(47) Drop carrier	
	(48) NO CARRIER	( ,	
PHASE D			
(49) AT+FRH=3	(50) CONNECT		
(44) AITI BB-3	(30) CONNECT	(51) Send EOP frame	Last frame bit = 1
	(52) <eop>, OK</eop>	(= -, = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	
(53) AT+FTH=3	(54) CONNECT		
(55) <mcf></mcf>	(56) Send MCF frame	(57) Receive MCF	Last frame bit = 1
(FO) AT FELL O	(58) OK, drop carrier		
(59) AT+FRH=3	(60) CONNECT	(61) Send DCN frame	Loot from a hit 4
	(62) <dcn>, OK</dcn>	(61) Send DON frame	Last frame bit = 1
PHASE E			
(73) ATH0	(74) OK, hang up	(75) Hang up	
(73) ATTIO	(74) OK, Harry up	(75) Hally up	